

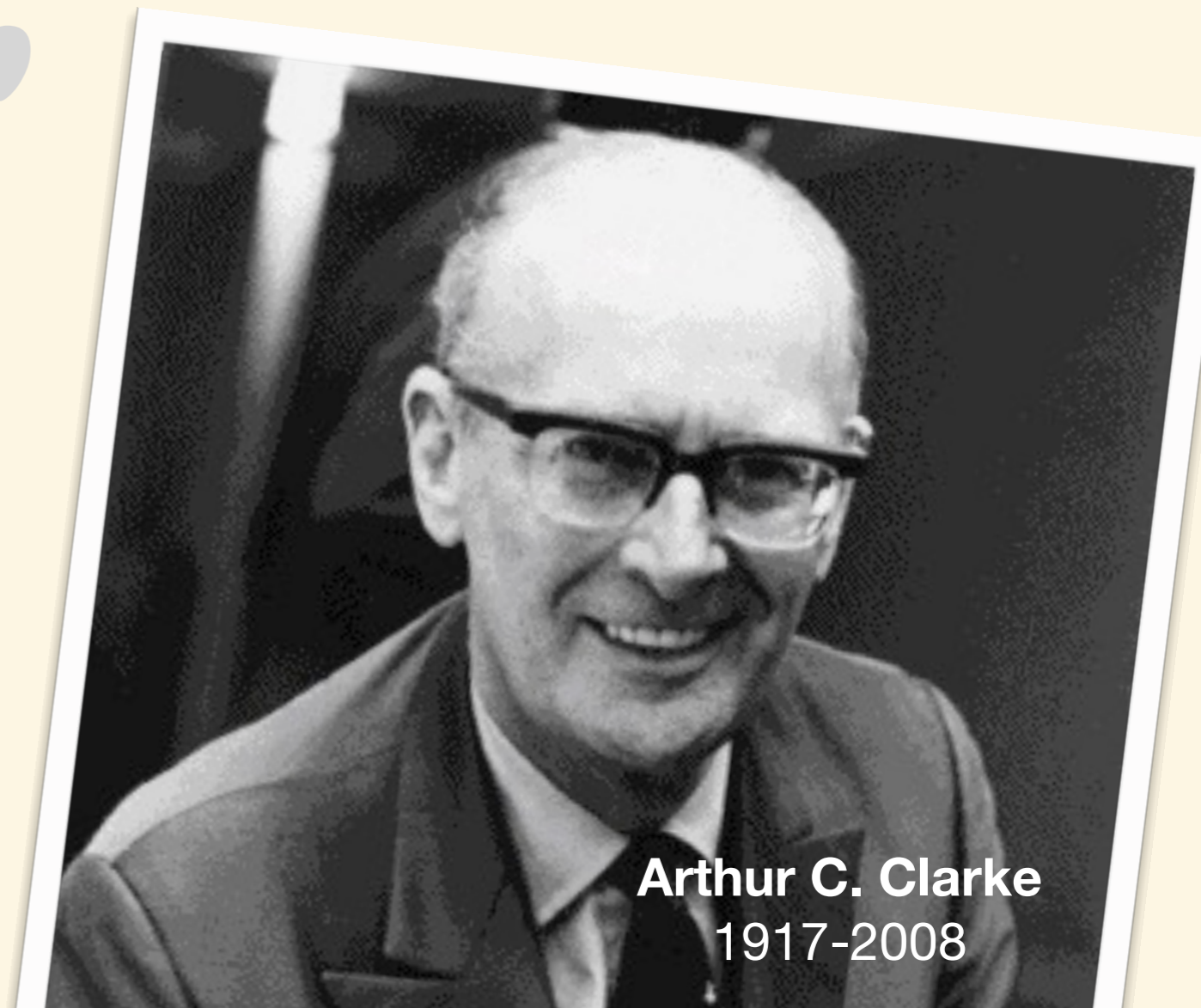
Satellite Telephony Security





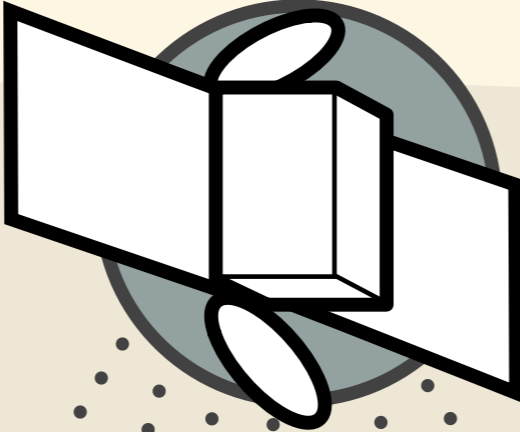
DON'T PANIC


“ **WHEN TERRESTRIAL
COMMUNICATION **FAIL,**
WE PREVAIL! ”**




Arthur C. Clarke
1917-2008

Satellite Communications

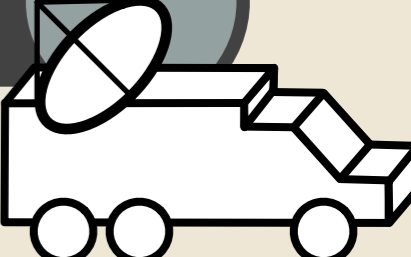


 **Broadcast Video to Cable Headends**

 **Direct Broadcast TV Last-mile Broadband**


 **Corporate Data Networks (Interactive & Multicast)**

 **Local ISPs**

Video Contribution



 **Teleport**

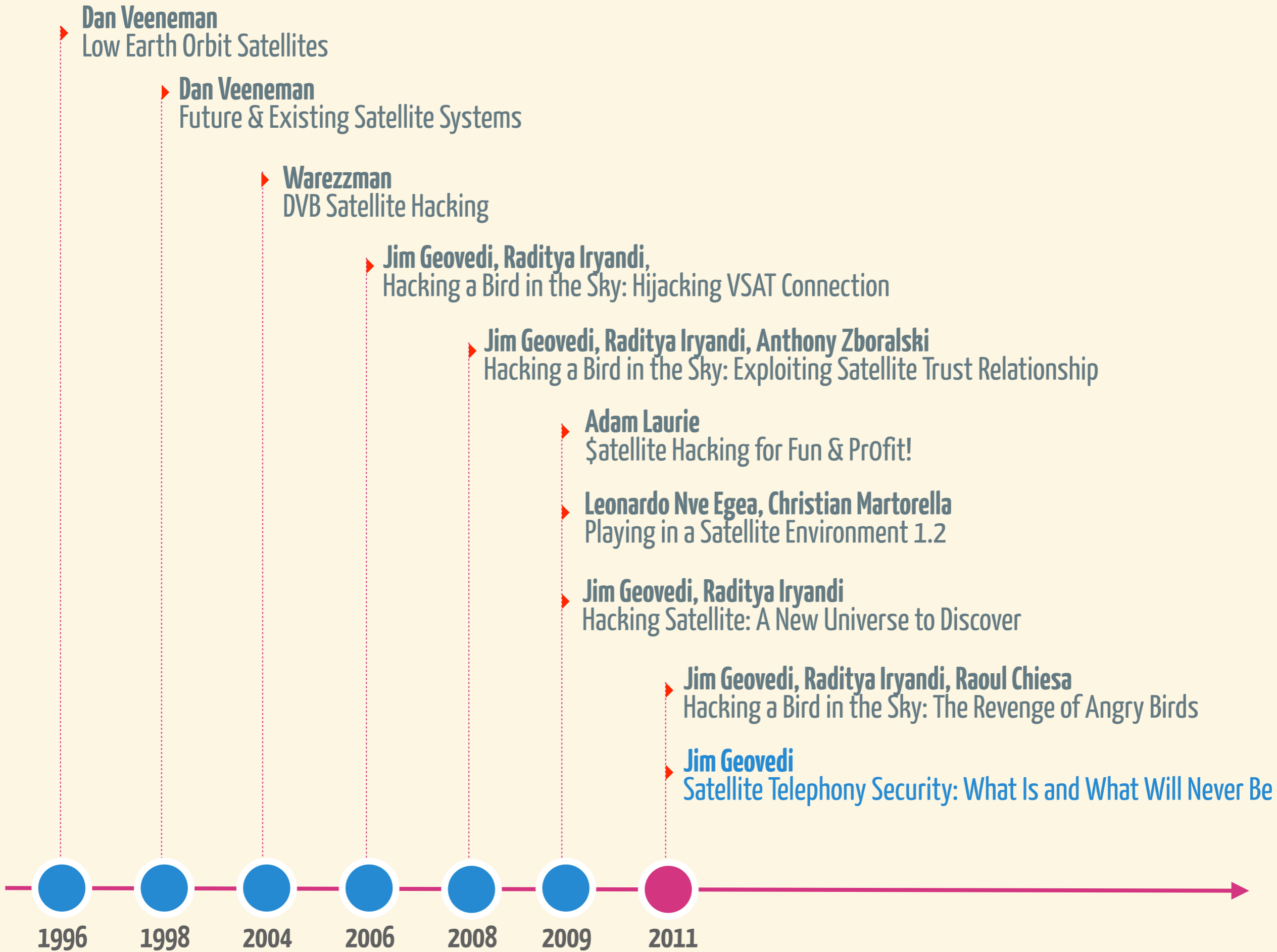
PSTN

 **End Users**

 **Teleport**

Internet

 **End Users**



Satellite Phone

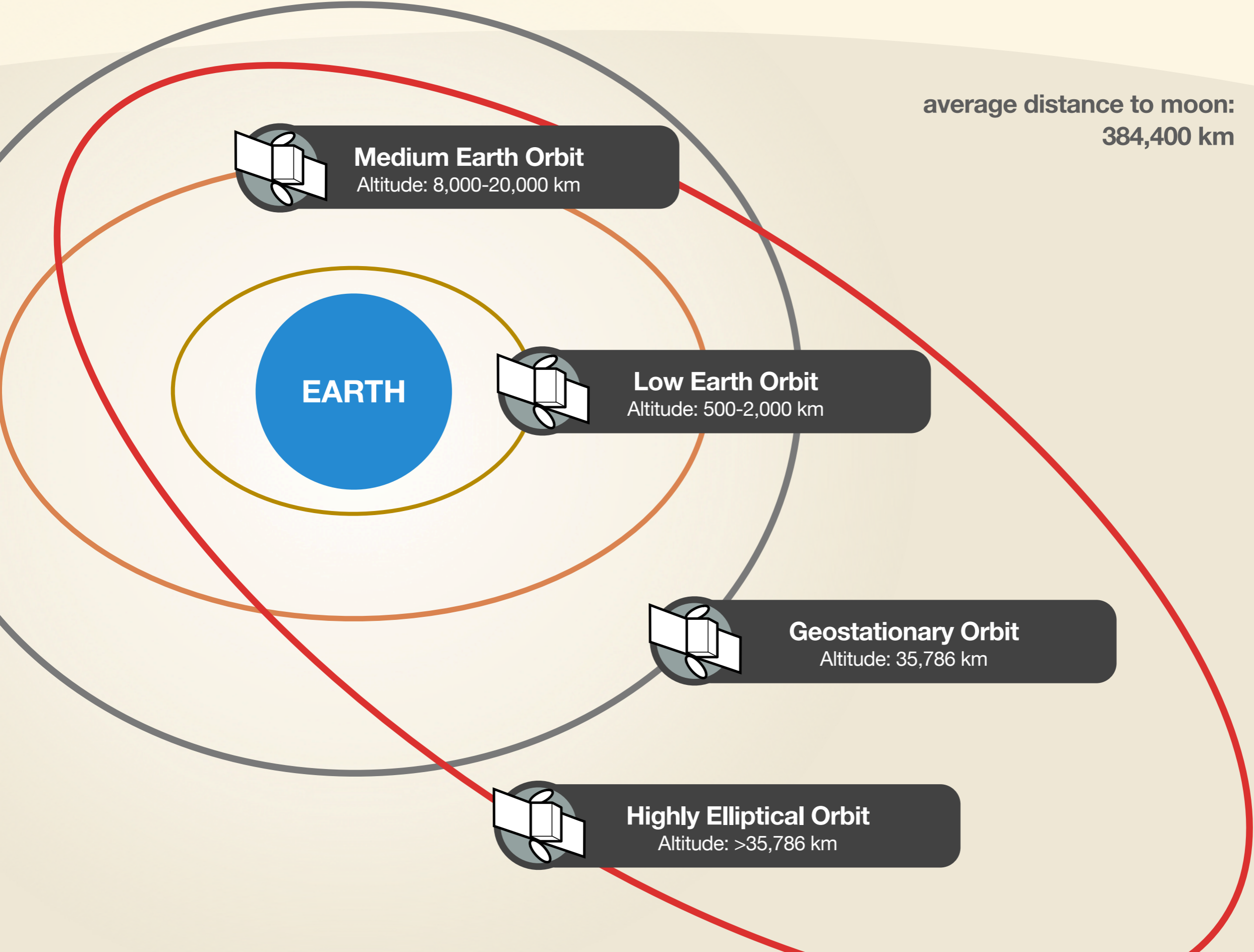


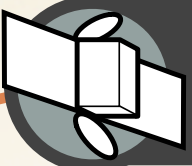


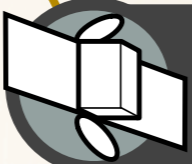


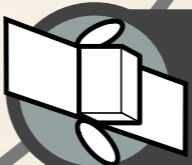
Satellite Phone Network

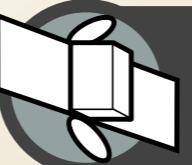
Satellite Orbits



 **Medium Earth Orbit**
Altitude: 8,000-20,000 km

 **Low Earth Orbit**
Altitude: 500-2,000 km

 **Geostationary Orbit**
Altitude: 35,786 km

 **Highly Elliptical Orbit**
Altitude: >35,786 km

average distance to moon:
384,400 km



EARTH

GEO (Geostationary Earth Orbit)

Satellite Operators

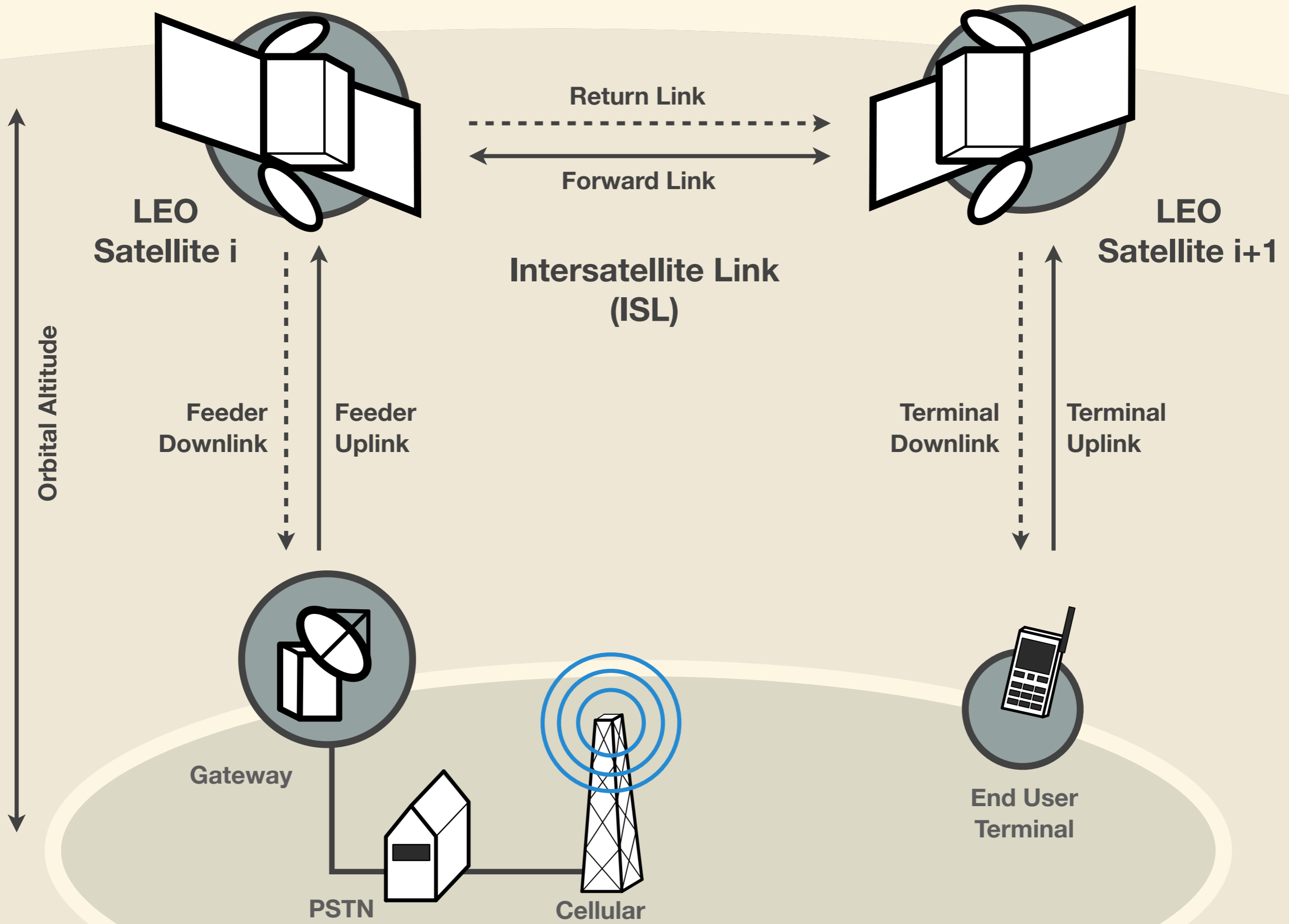
ACeS, ICO, Inmarsat, SkyTerra, TerreStar, Thuraya

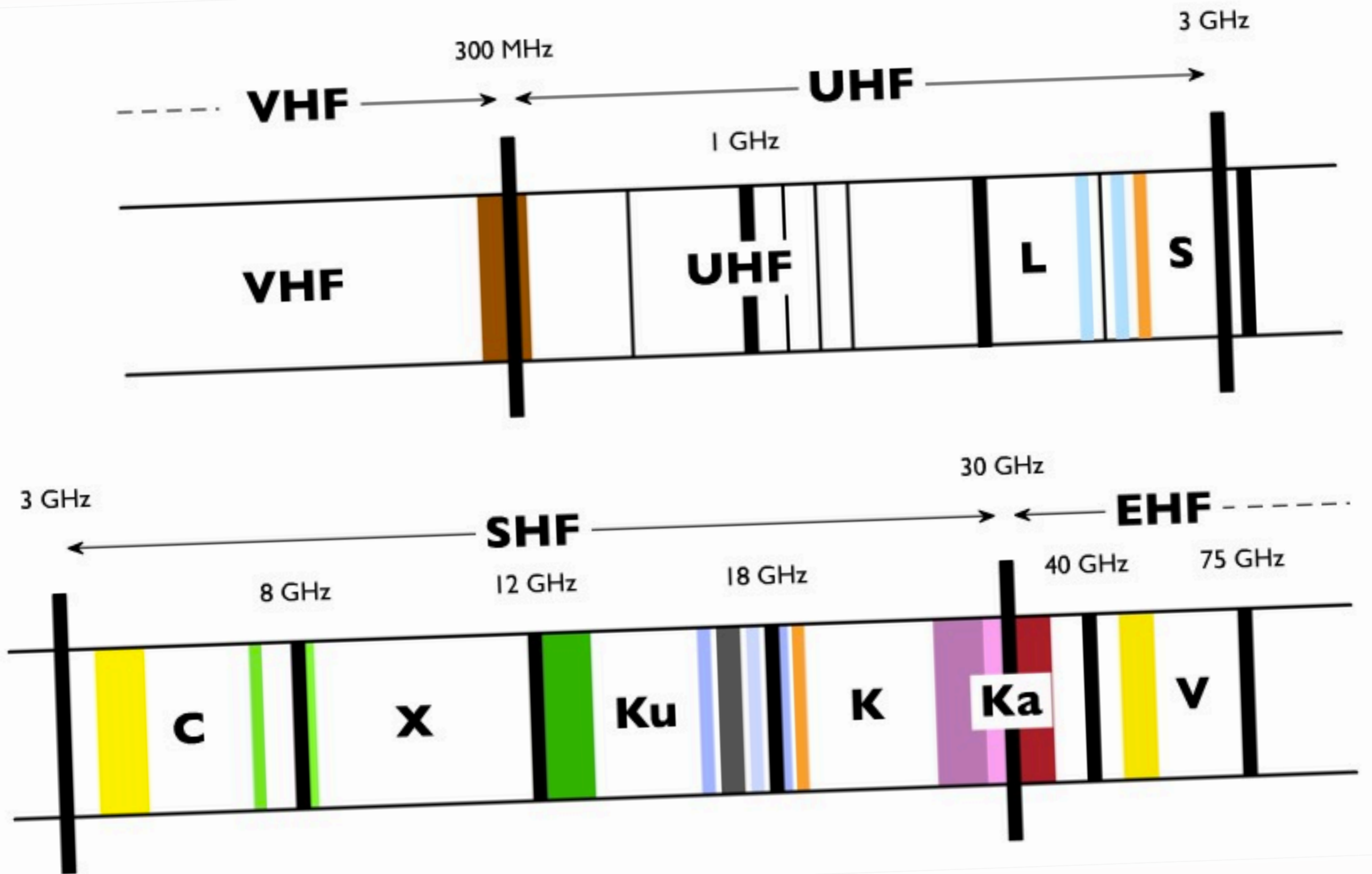
LEO (Low Earth Orbit)

Satellite Operators

Globalstar, Iridium

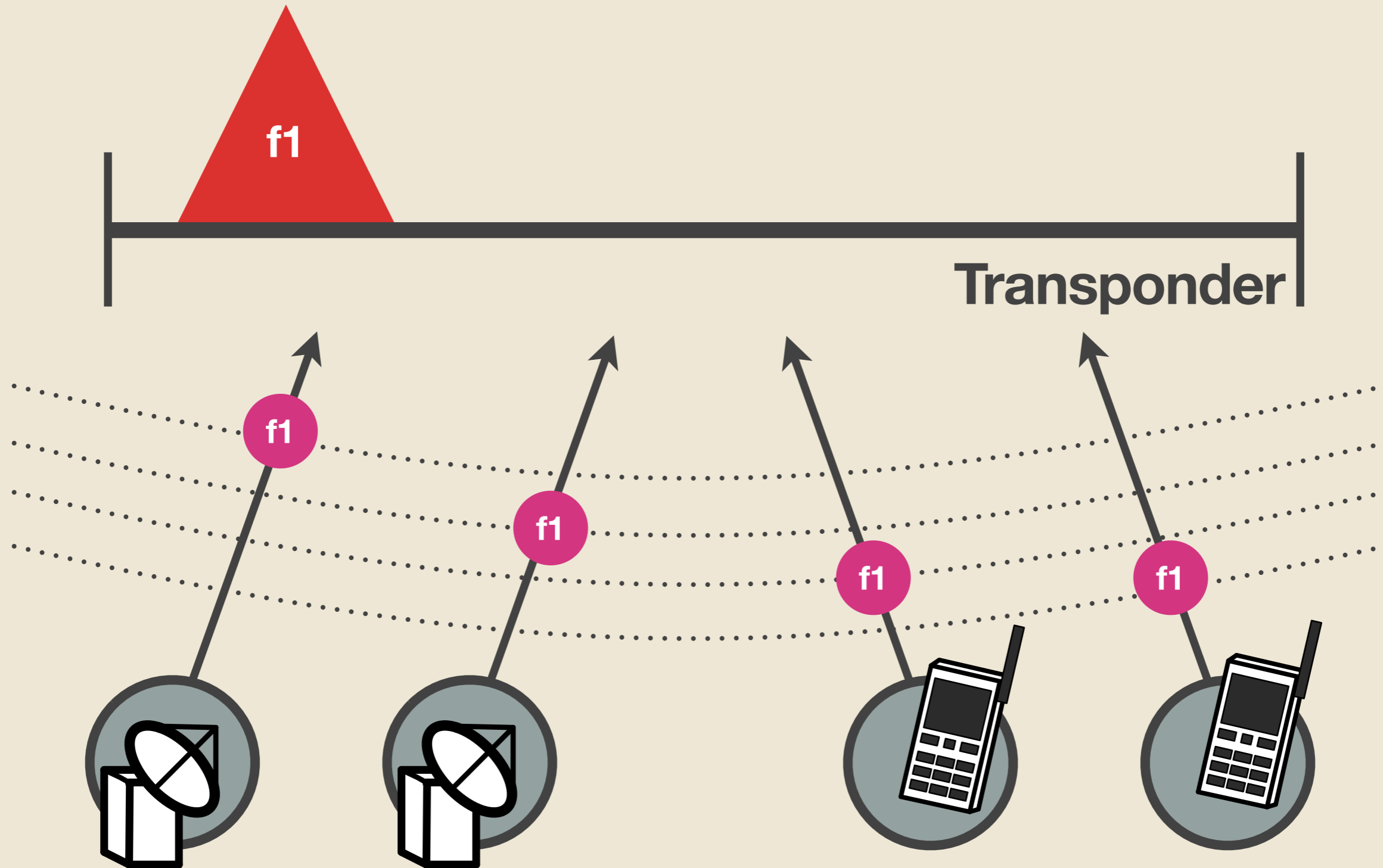
LEO Communication Satellite Constellation System



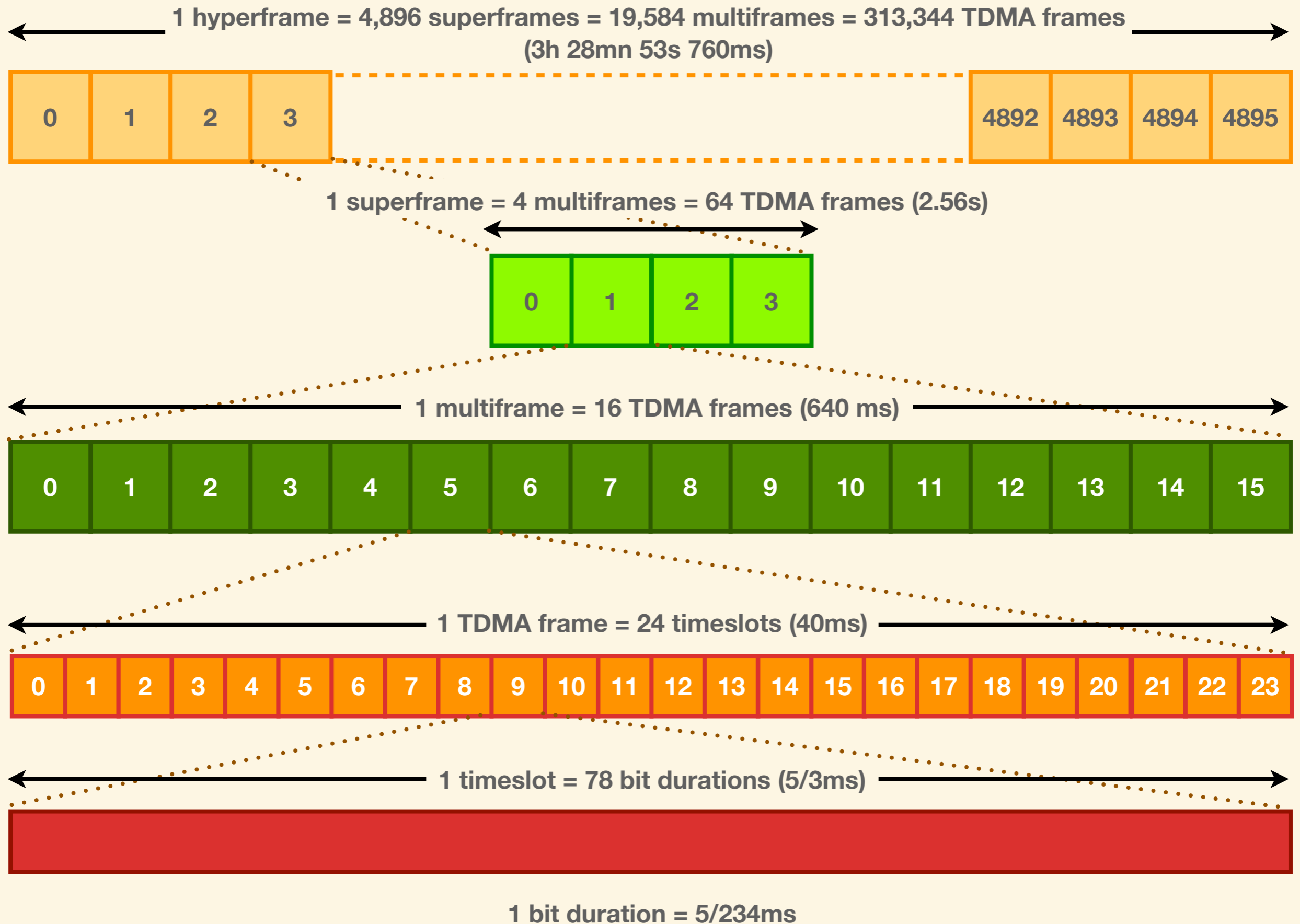


Frequency Band Designations

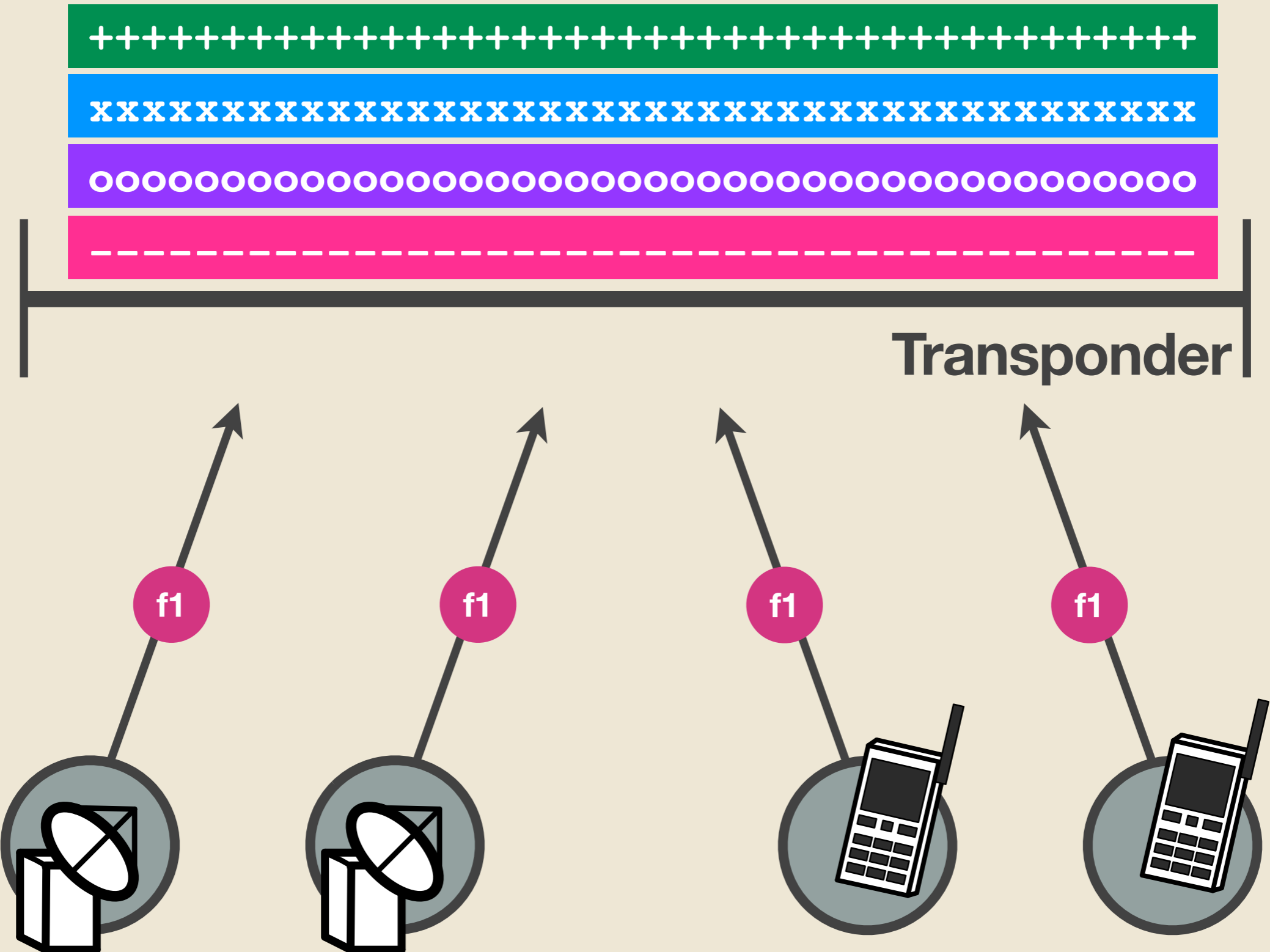
TDMA (Time Division Multiple Access)



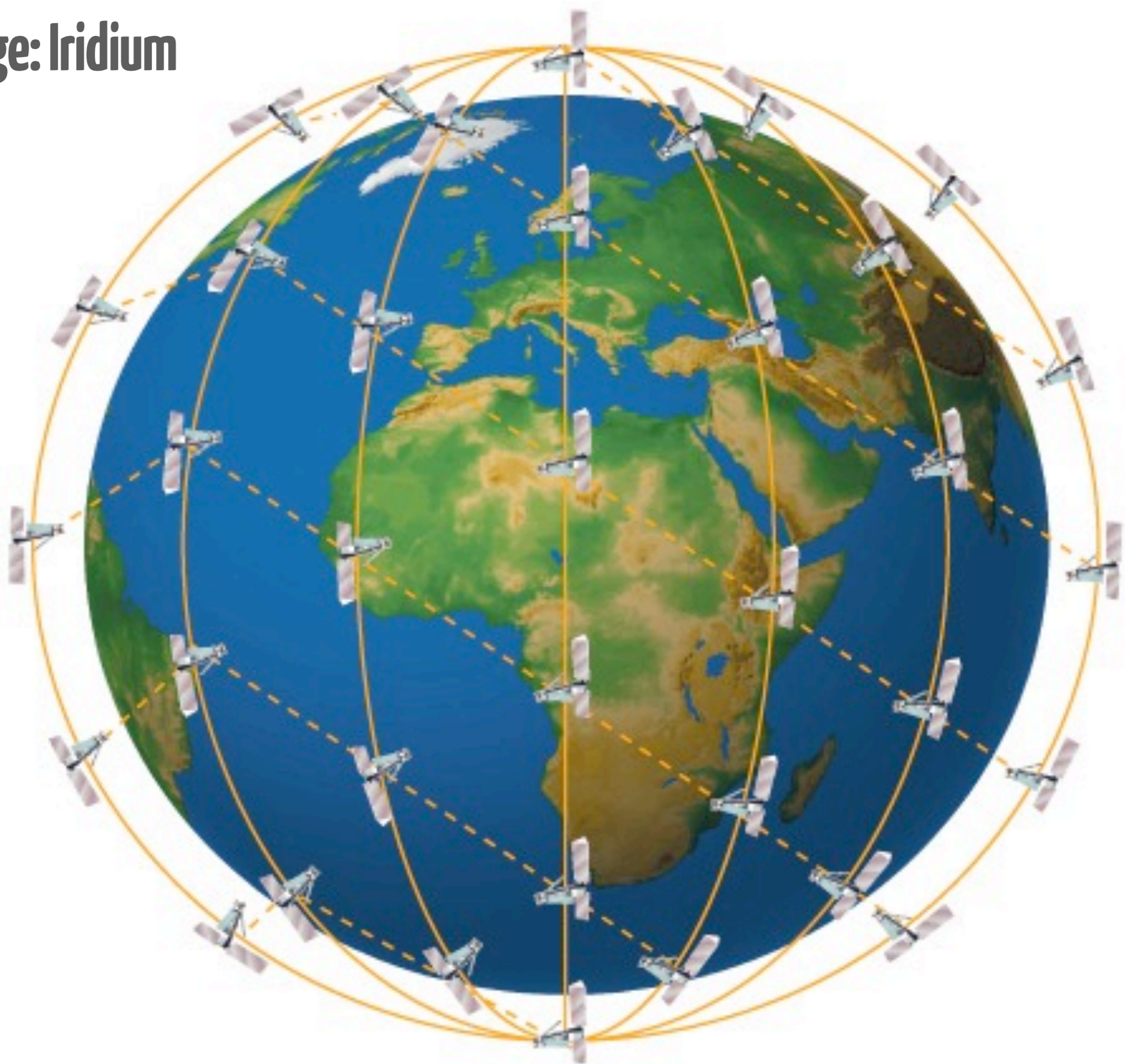
Timeframe Structure and Timeslots



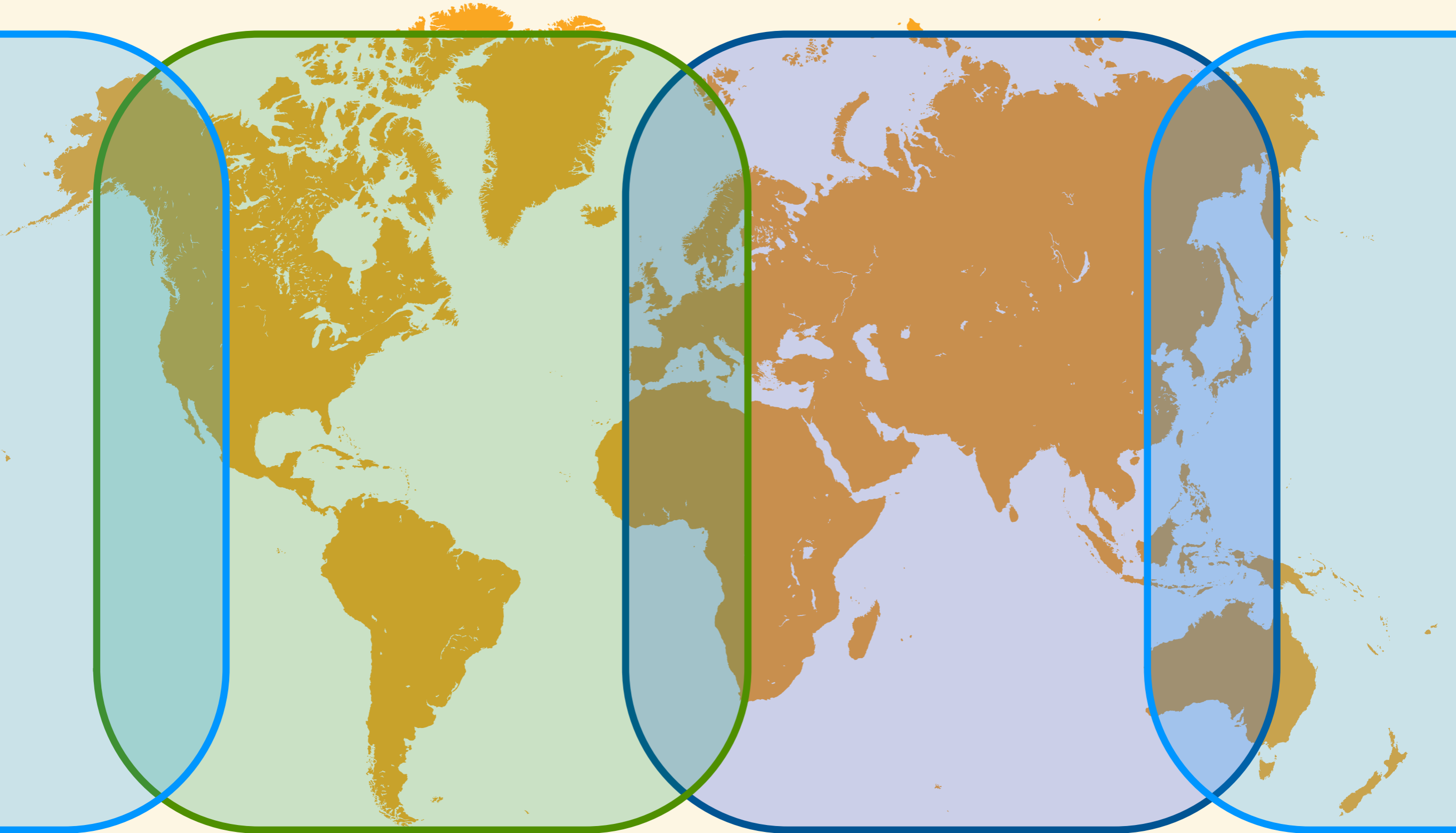
CDMA (Code Division Multiple Access)



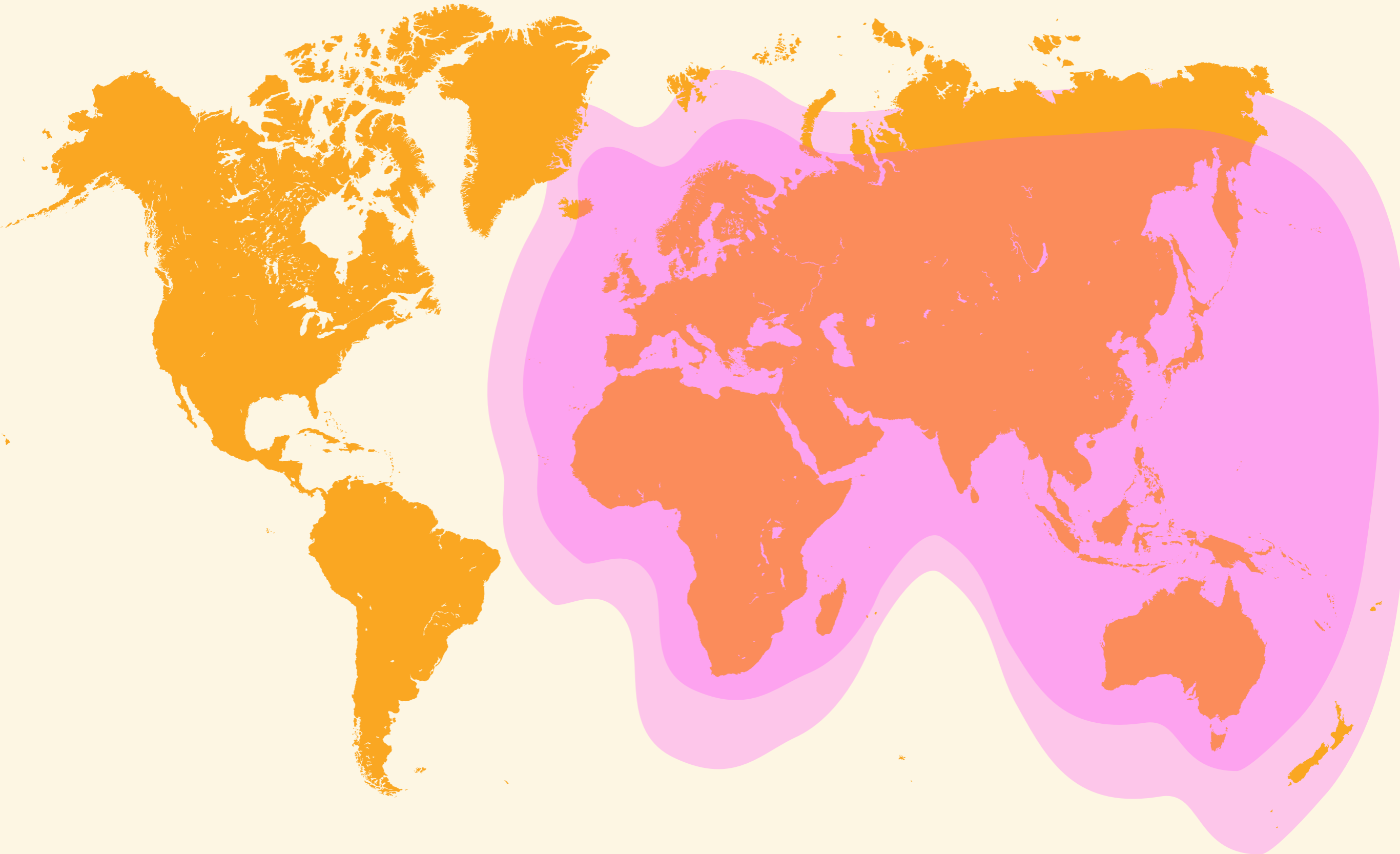
Coverage: Iridium



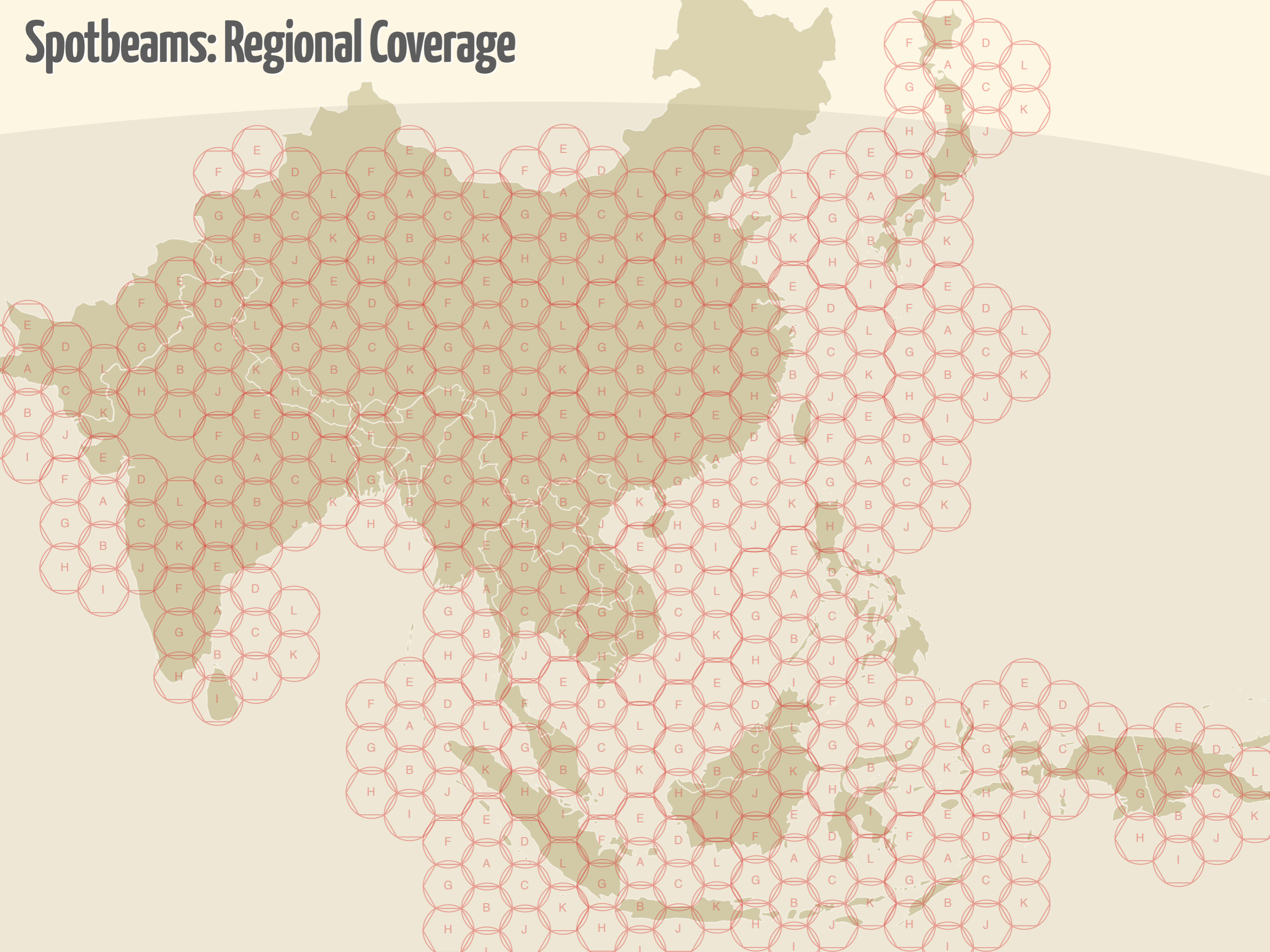
Coverage: Inmarsat



Coverage: Thuraya



Spotbeams: Regional Coverage



GMR (GEO-Mobile Radio Interface)

GSM

GMR Release 1

Extension to Satellite

GPRS

GMR Release 2

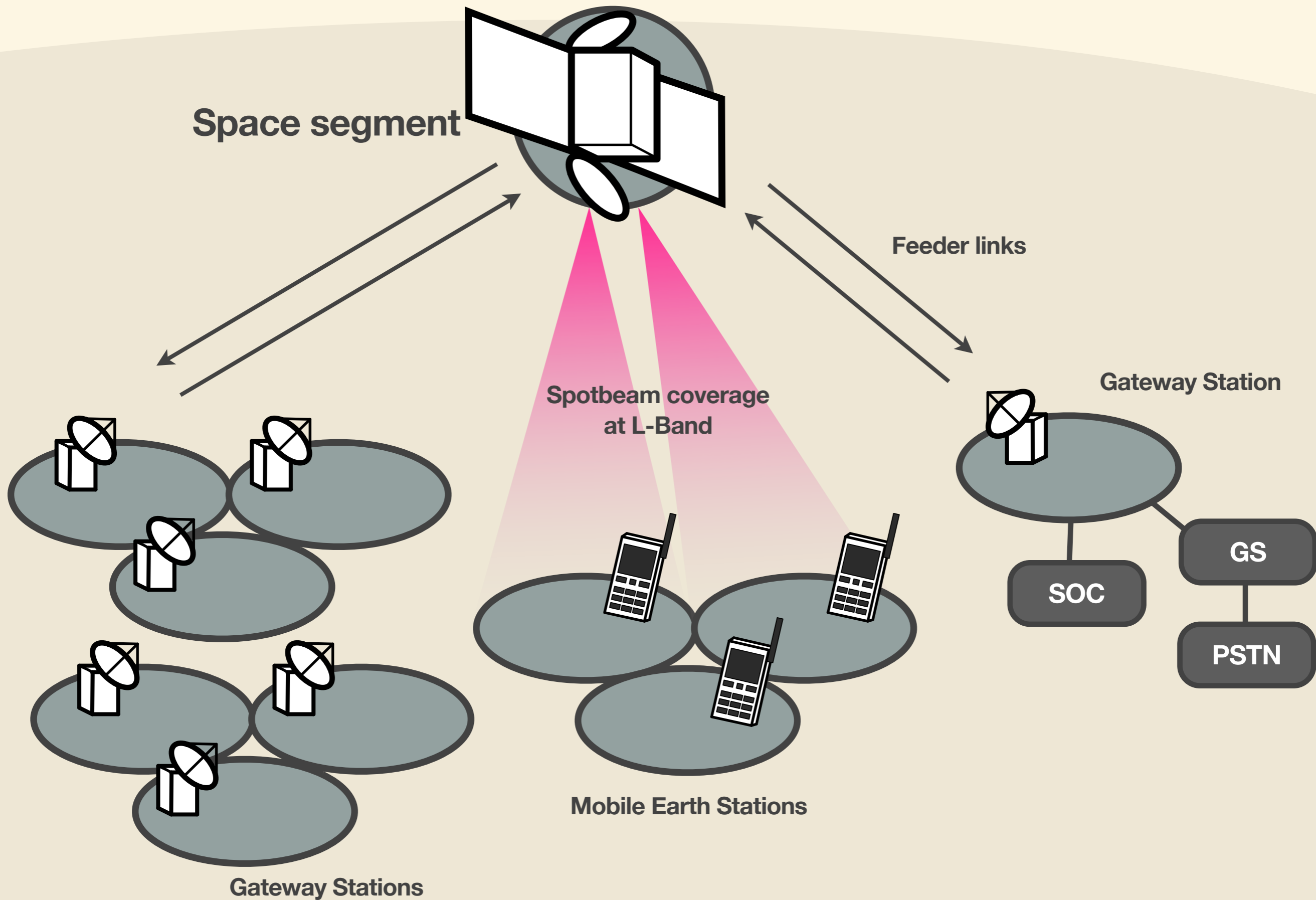
3GPP

GMR Release 3

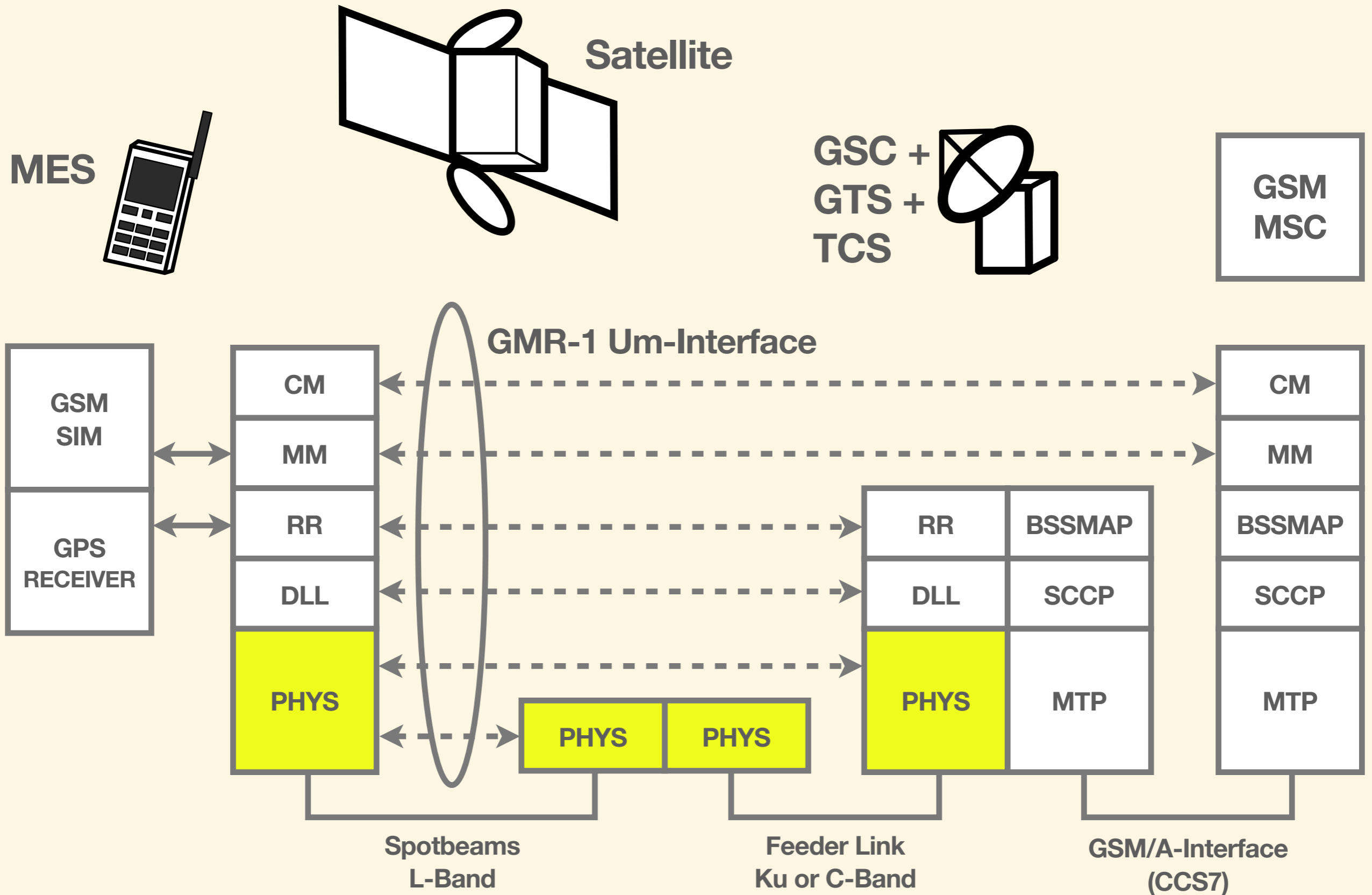


GMR-1

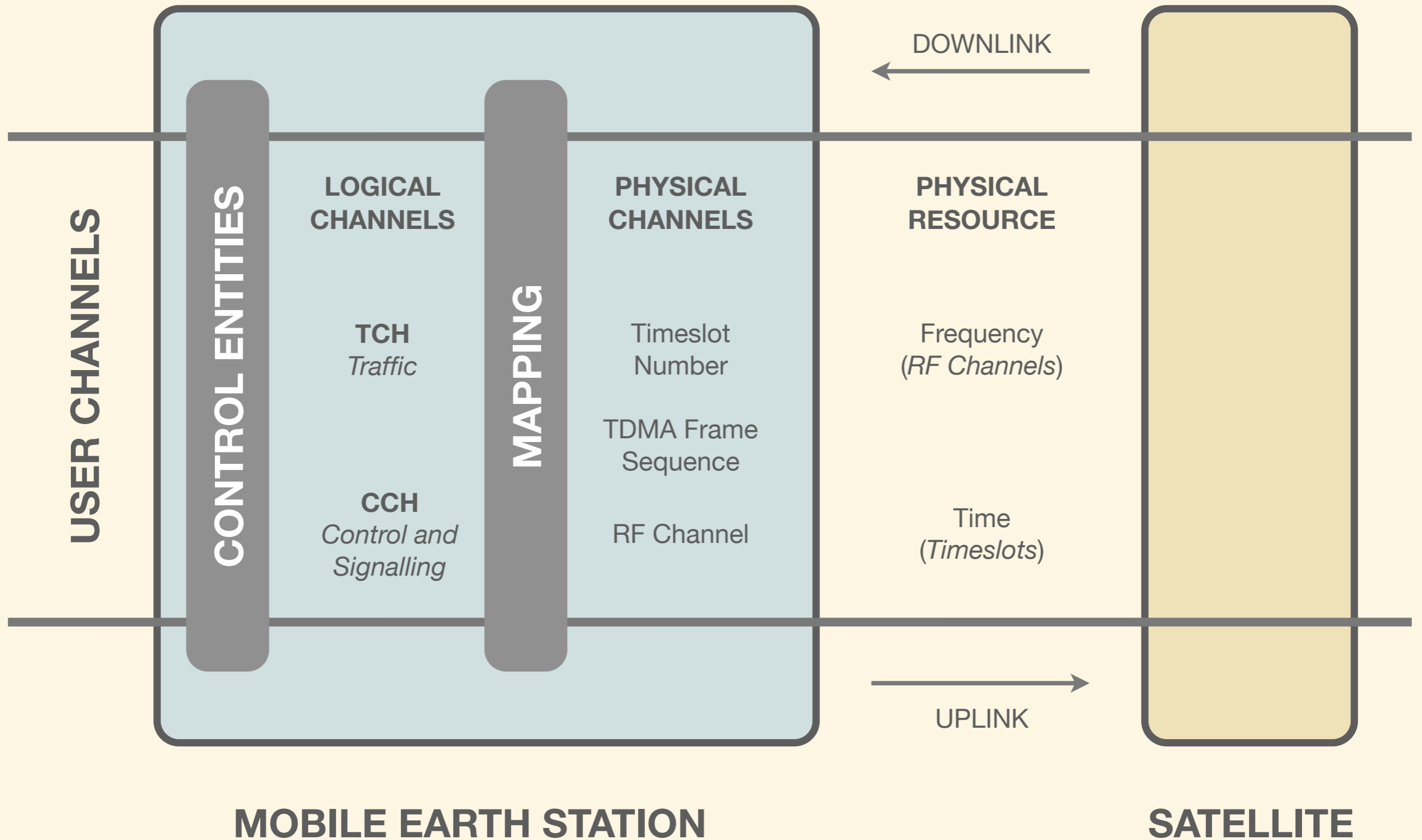
GMR-1 System Elements



GMR-1 Protocol Architecture



GMR-1 Logical Channel Mapping onto Physical Channel



GMR-1 (GSM-based) Services

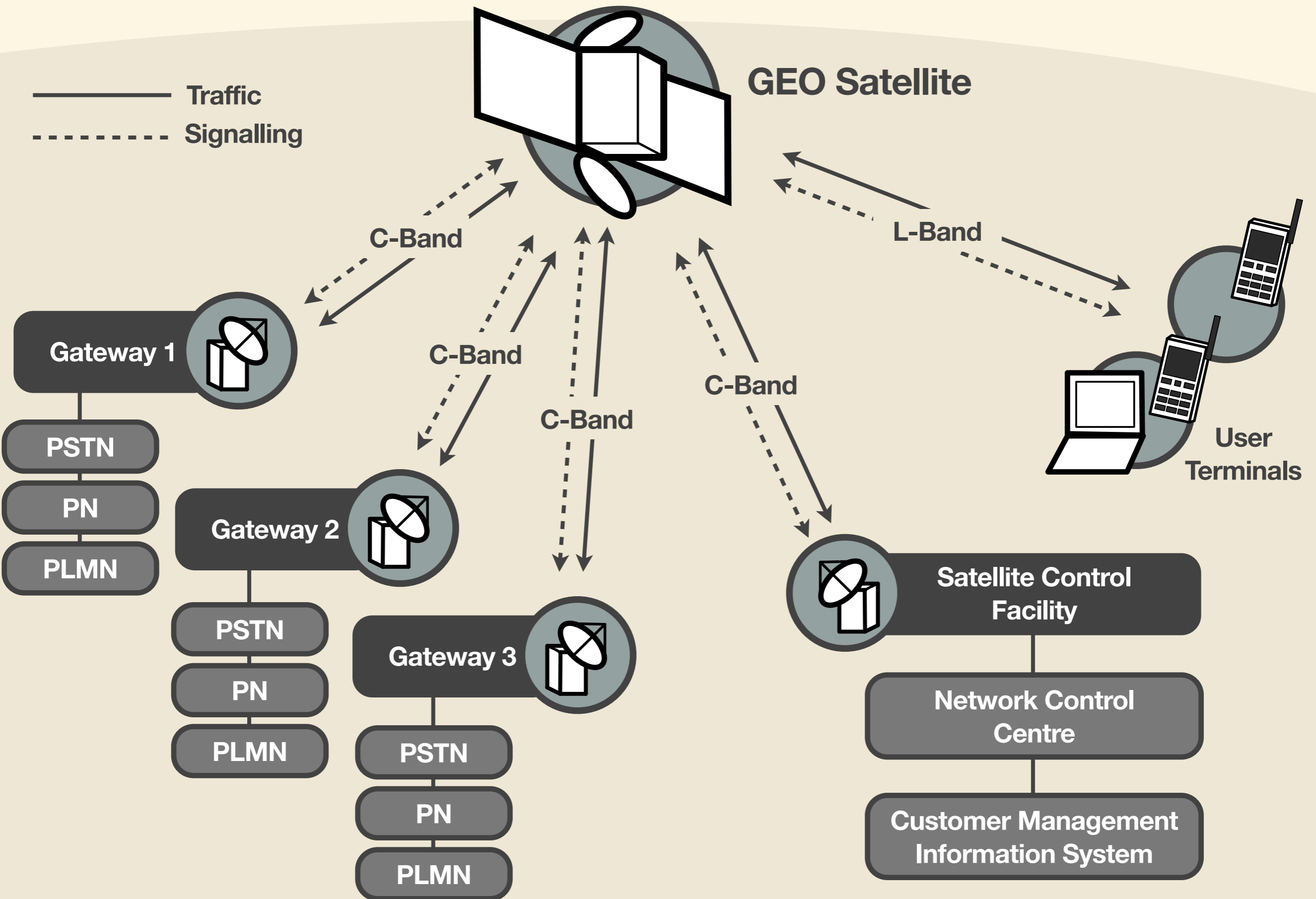
- Standard GSM-based services (Phase 2)
- Roaming
- Single number routing
- Numbers and addressing
- Authentication and privacy

GMR-1 Extended Services

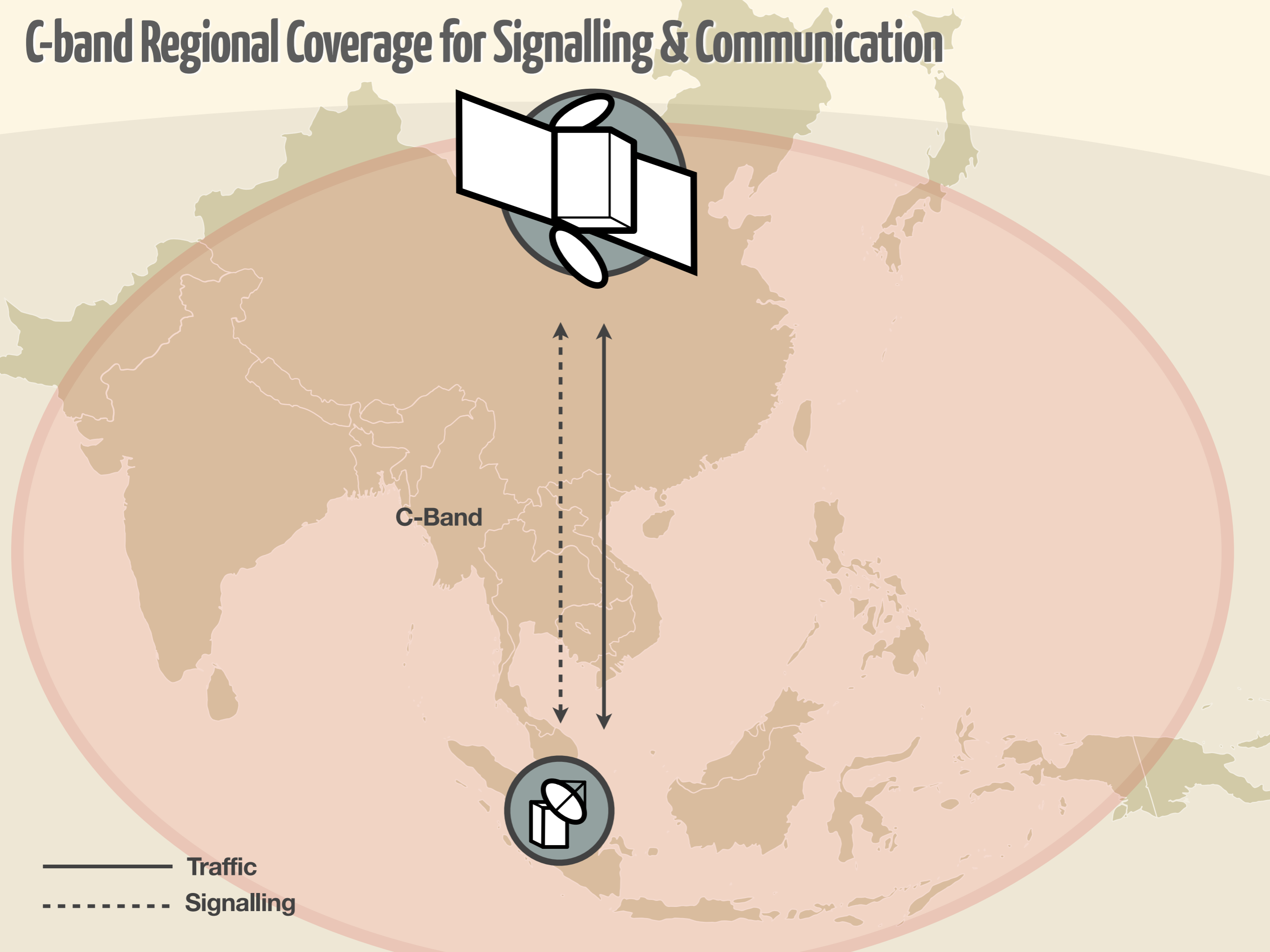
- Single-hopped terminal-to-terminal calls
- Optimal routing
- High penetration alerting
- Position based services

GMR-2

GMR-2 System Elements



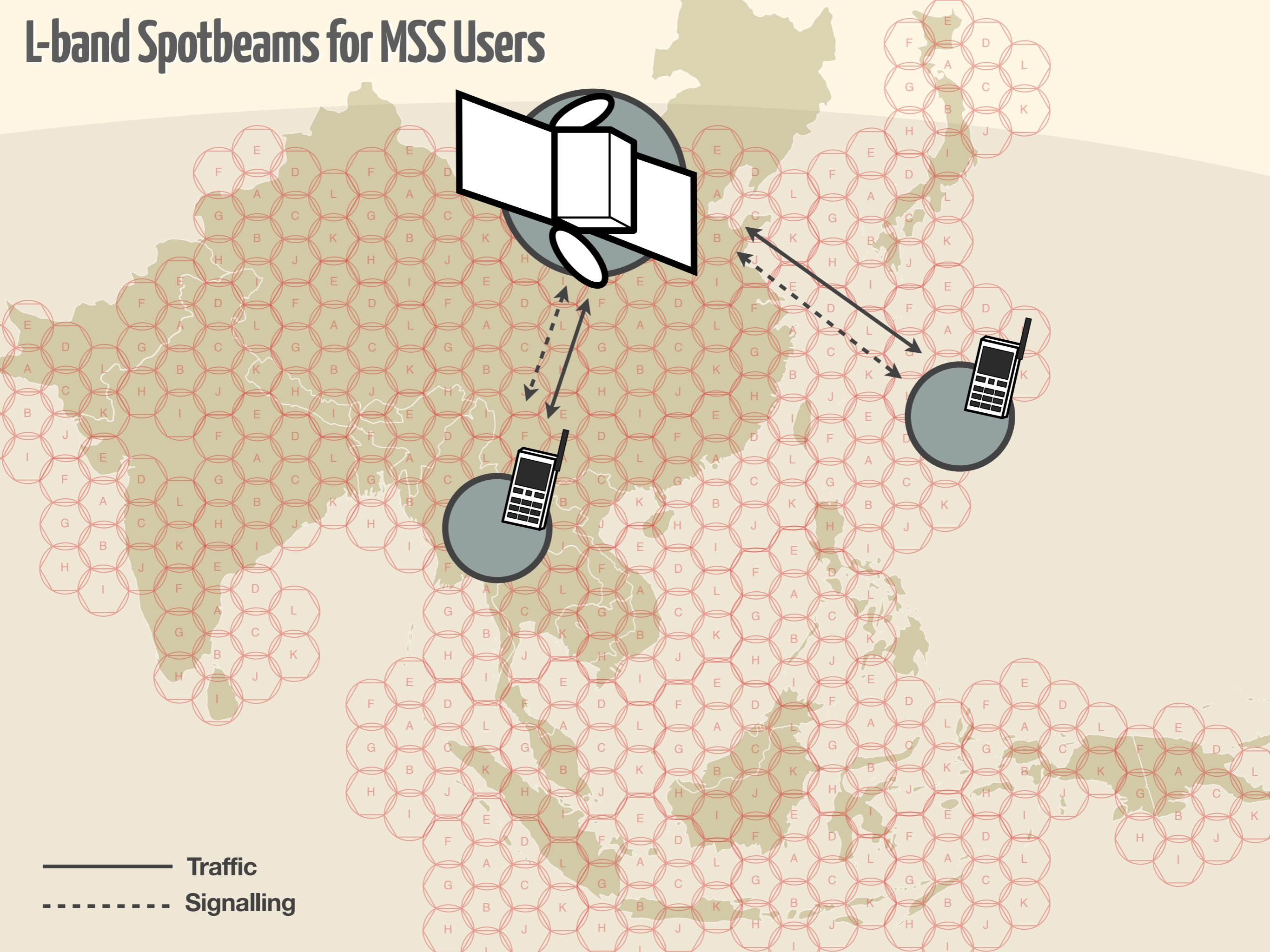
C-band Regional Coverage for Signalling & Communication



C-Band

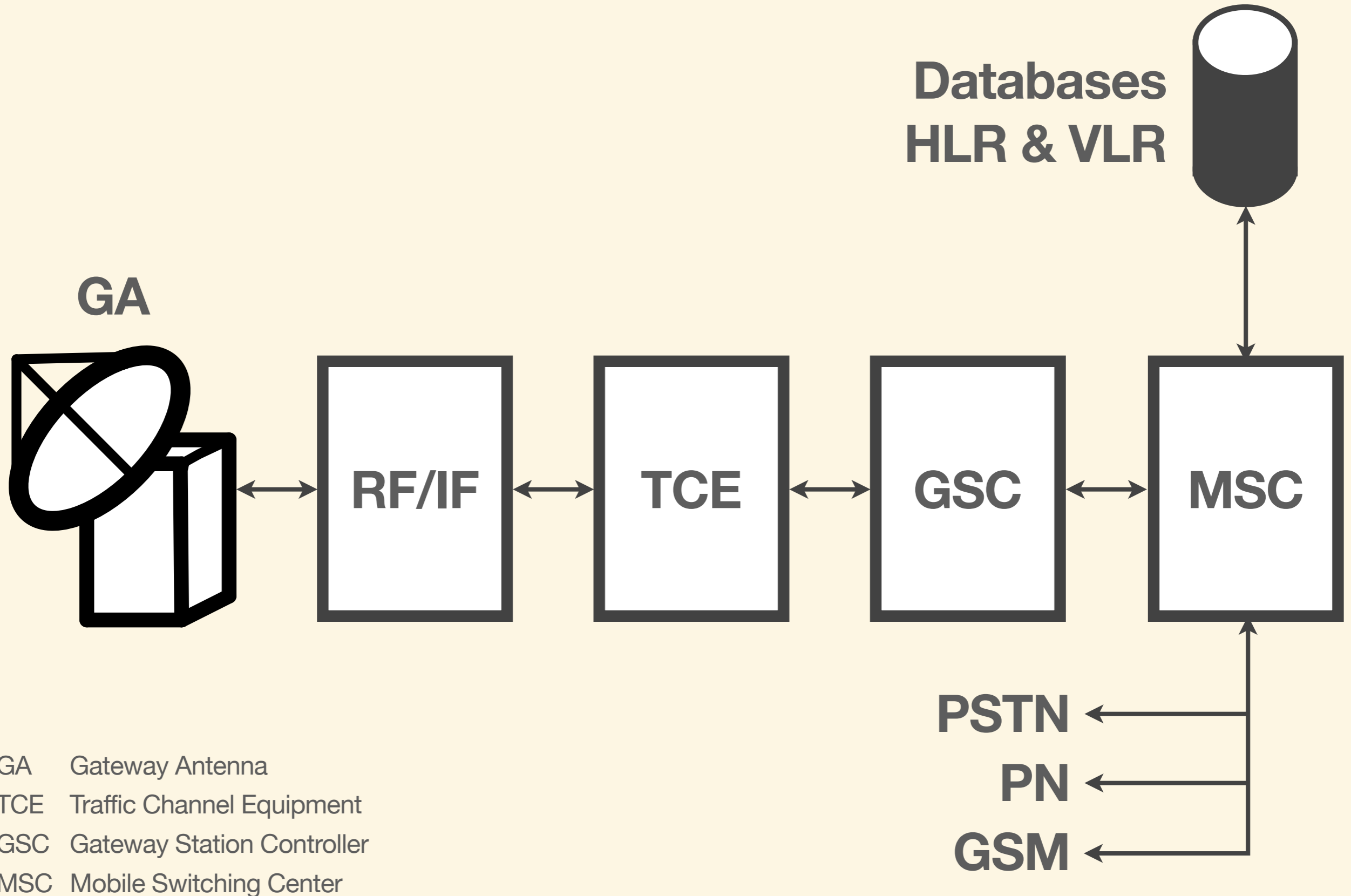
- Traffic
- - - Signalling

L-band Spotbeams for MSS Users



————— Traffic
- - - - - Signalling

GMR-2 Gateway Internal Structure



GA Gateway Antenna
TCE Traffic Channel Equipment
GSC Gateway Station Controller
MSC Mobile Switching Center

GMR Satellite ~~Monitoring~~ System

Intercepting →

Satellite Phone Interception

- Law-enforcements require tapping
- Test equipment
- Limited use of encryption
- Modifiable phone equipment

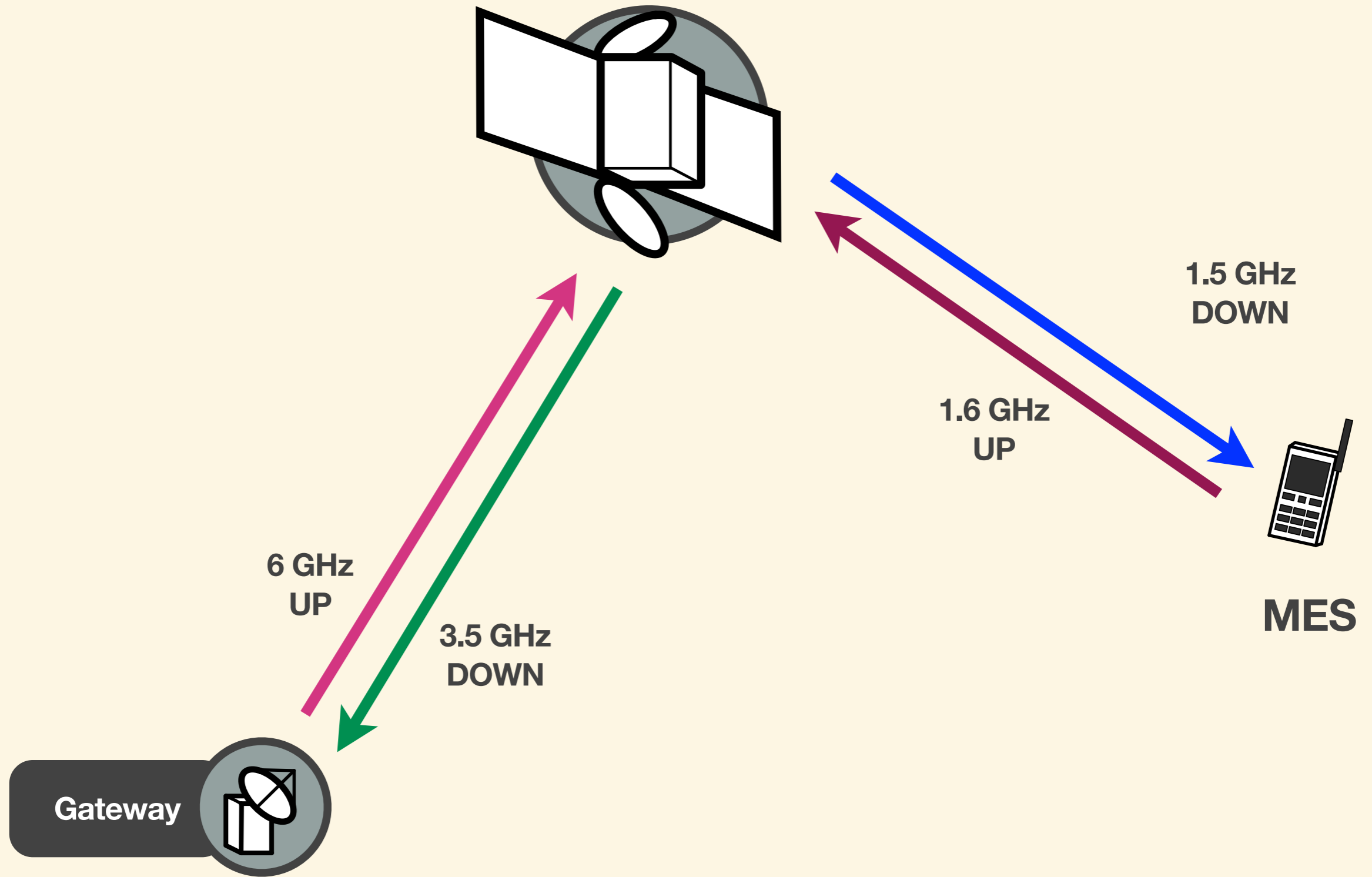
Tactical Interception

Receives L-band from satellite and line-of-sight from handset

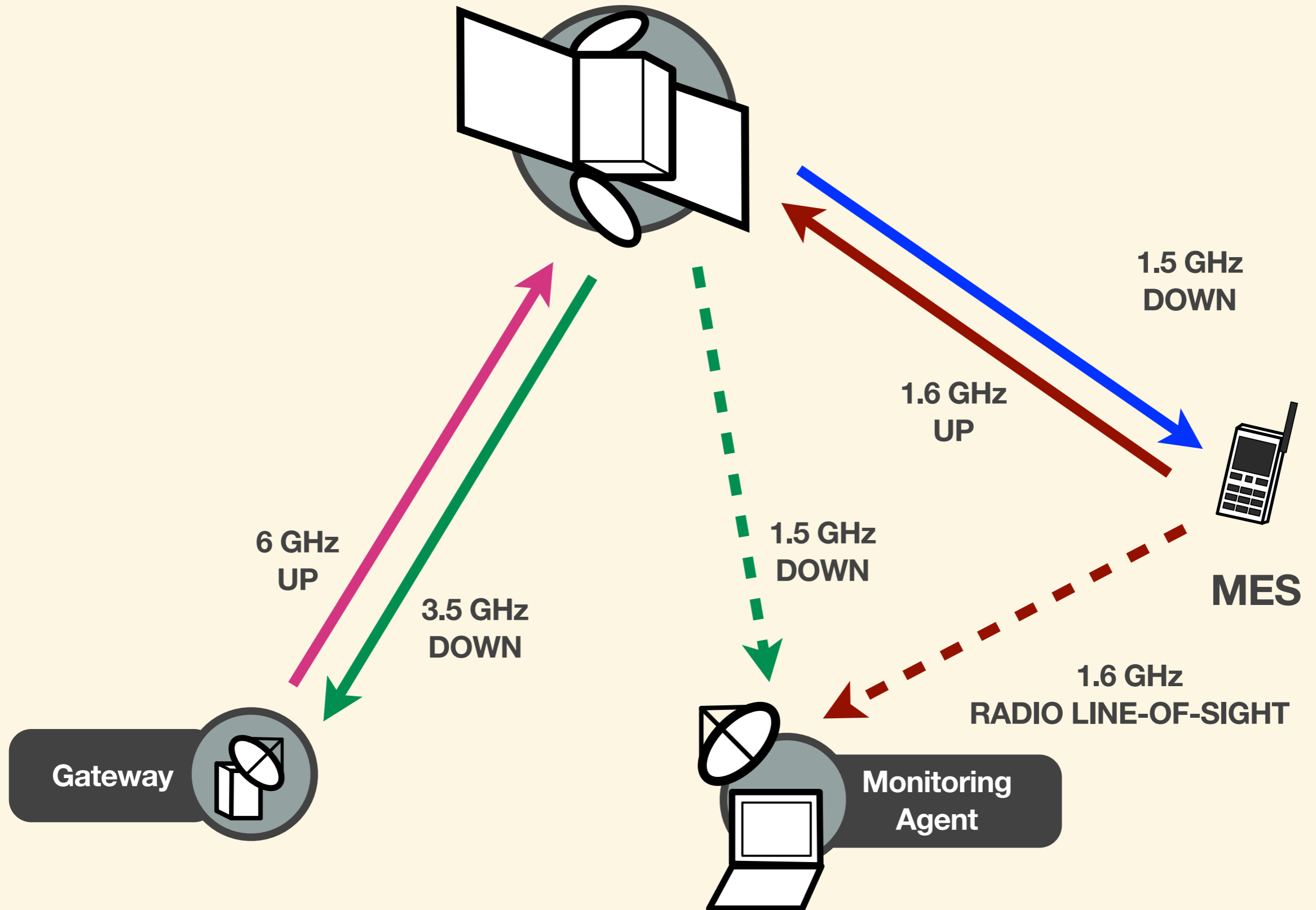
Strategic Interception

Receives L-band from satellite and C-band from satellite

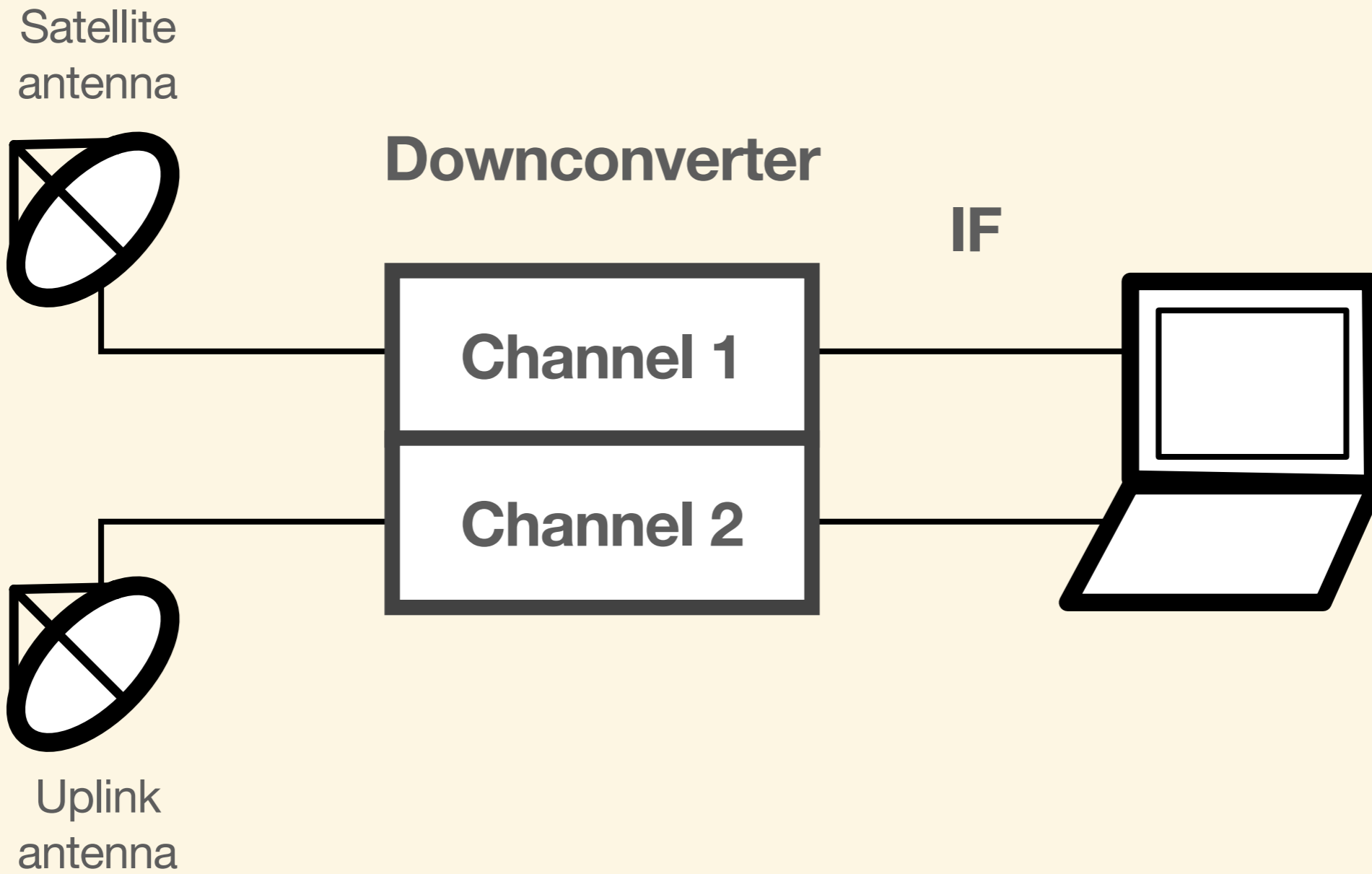
Satellite Interception Operation



Tactical Satellite Interception Operation



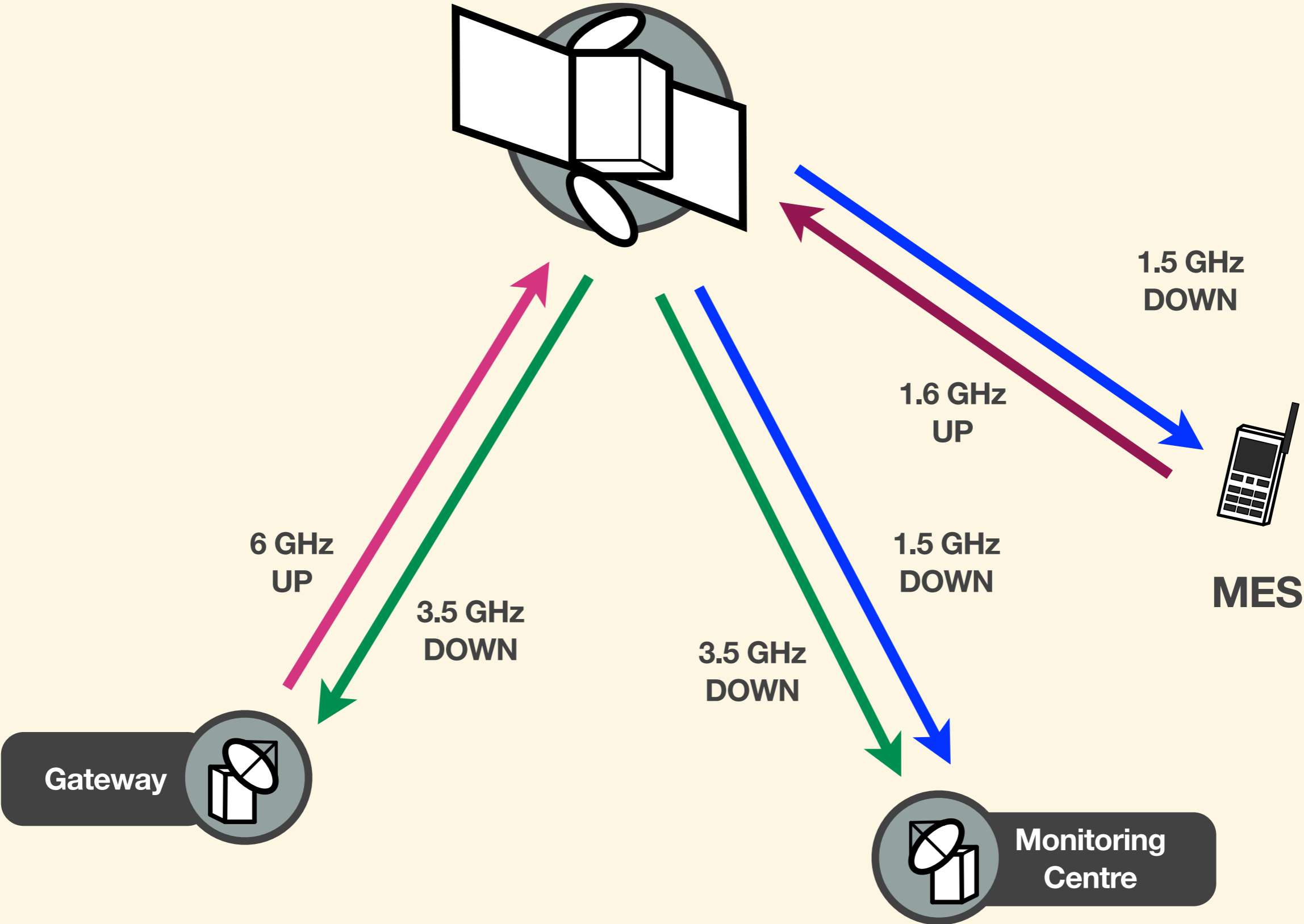
Tactical Satellite Interception Operation



Call Analysis

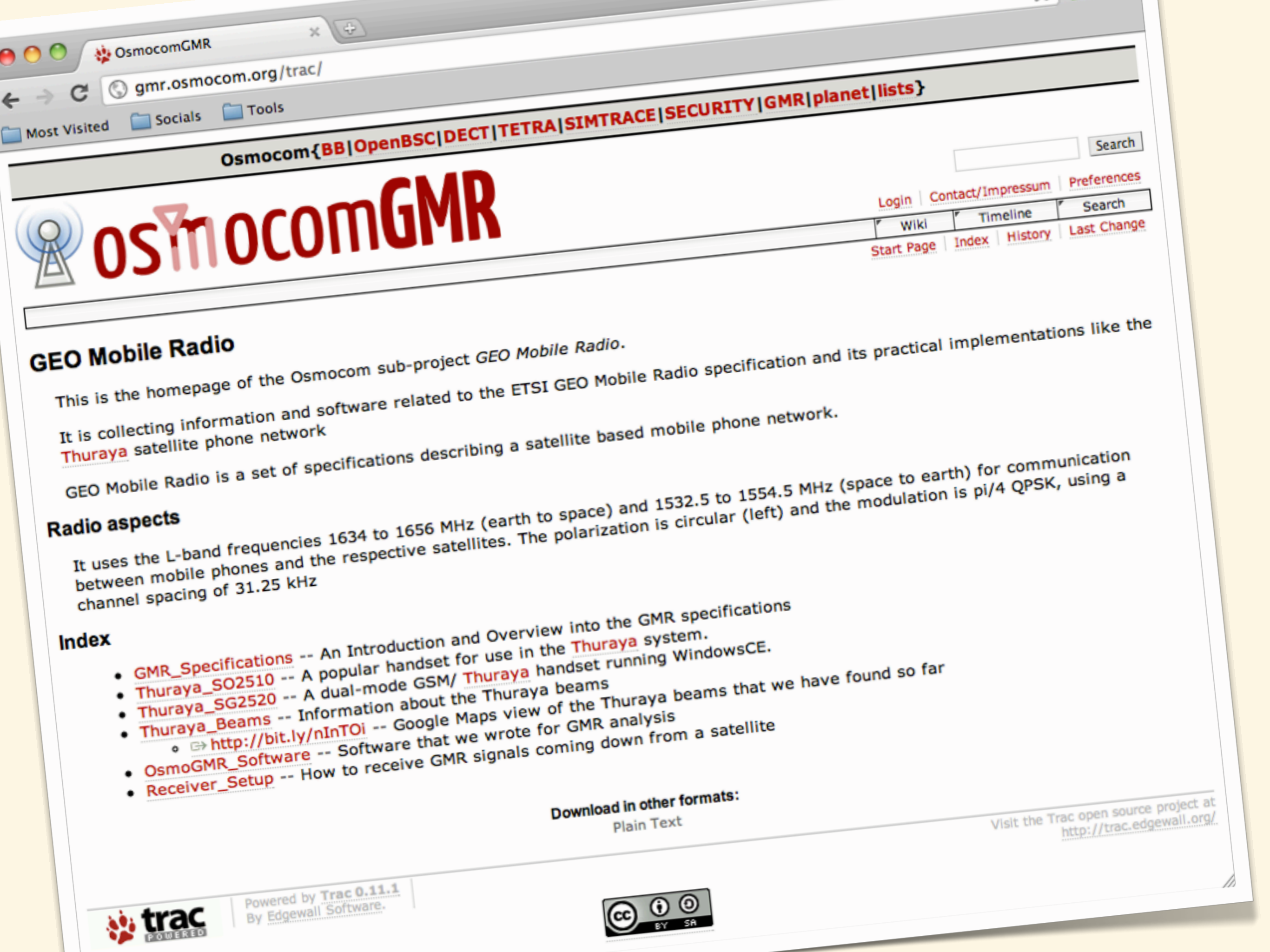
- Spotbeam IDs, GPS co-ordinates, operating frequency.
- Date, time and duration of call.
- MES IMSI.
- GPS co-ordinates of MES.
- Random Reference Number (CallerID).
- TMSI called by MES.
- Mobile or Fixed Originated Call (Voice, Fax, Data or SMS).
- Terminal type.
- Ciphering key sequence number.
- RAND and SRES.
- Encryption Algorithm

Strategic Satellite Interception Operation



FAQ

What's next?



OSMOCOMGMR

GEO Mobile Radio

This is the homepage of the Osmocom sub-project *GEO Mobile Radio*.

It is collecting information and software related to the ETSI GEO Mobile Radio specification and its practical implementations like the [Thuraya](#) satellite phone network

GEO Mobile Radio is a set of specifications describing a satellite based mobile phone network.

Radio aspects

It uses the L-band frequencies 1634 to 1656 MHz (earth to space) and 1532.5 to 1554.5 MHz (space to earth) for communication between mobile phones and the respective satellites. The polarization is circular (left) and the modulation is pi/4 QPSK, using a channel spacing of 31.25 kHz

Index

- [GMR_Specifications](#) -- An Introduction and Overview into the GMR specifications
- [Thuraya_SO2510](#) -- A popular handset for use in the [Thuraya](#) system.
- [Thuraya_SG2520](#) -- A dual-mode GSM/ [Thuraya](#) handset running WindowsCE.
- [Thuraya_Beams](#) -- Information about the Thuraya beams
 - <http://bit.ly/nInTOi> -- Google Maps view of the Thuraya beams that we have found so far
- [OsmoGMR_Software](#) -- Software that we wrote for GMR analysis
- [Receiver_Setup](#) -- How to receive GMR signals coming down from a satellite

Download in other formats:
[Plain Text](#)

Visit the Trac open source project at <http://trac.edgewall.org/>



27th Chaos Communication Congress

We come in peace

Wideband GSM Sniffing



GSM is still the most widely used security technology in the world with a user base of 5 billion and a quickly growing number of critical applications. 26C3's rainbow table attack on GSM's A5/1 encryption convinced many users that GSM calls should be considered unprotected. The network operators, however, have not woken up to the threat yet. Perhaps the new capabilities to be unleashed this year - like wide-band sniffing and real-time signal processing - will wake them up.

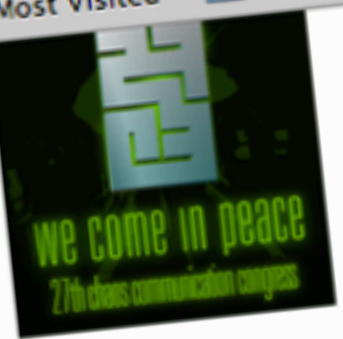


Now that GSM A5/1 encryption can be cracked in seconds, the complexity of wireless phone snooping moved to signal processing. Since GSM hops over a multitude of channels, a large chunk of radio spectrum needs to be analyzed, for example with USRPs, and decoded before storage or decoding. We demonstrate how this high bandwidth task can be achieved with cheap programmable phones.

Attached files

- GSM Sniffing [Slides] (application/pdf - 755.6 KB)

SPEAKERS	
	Karsten Nohl
	Sylvain Munaut
SCHEDULE	
Day	Day 2 - 2010-12-28
Room	Saal 1
Start time	14:00
Duration	01:00
INFO	
ID	4208
Event type	Lecture
Track	Hacking
Language used for presentation	English
FEEDBACK	
Did you attend this event? Give Feedback	



- Index
- Day 1 - 2010-12-27
- Day 2 - 2010-12-28
- Day 3 - 2010-12-29
- Day 4 - 2010-12-30
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